



LM2901/ LM2901A/ LM2903/ LM2903A

DUAL AND QUAD DIFFERENTIAL COMPARATORS

Description

The LM2901/2903 series comparators consist of four and two independent precision voltage comparators with very low input offset voltage specification. They are designed to operate from a single power supply over a wide range of voltages; however operation from split power supplies is also possible. They offer low power supply current independent of the magnitude of the power supply voltage.

The LM2901/2903 series comparators are designed to directly interface with TTL and CMOS. When operating from both plus and minus power supplies, the LM2901/2903 series comparators will directly interface with MOS logic where their low power drain is a distinct advantage over standard comparators.

The dual devices are available in SO-8, TSSOP-8, and MSOP-8, and the quad devices available in SO-14 and TSSOP-14 with industry standard pinouts. Both use green mold compound as standard.

Features

- Wide Power Supply Range:
 - Single Supply: 2V to 36V
 - Dual Supplies: ±1.0V to ±18V
- Very Low Supply Current Drain—Independent of Supply Voltage
 - LM2903: 0.6mA
 - LM2901: 0.9mA
 - Low Input Bias Current: 25nA
- Low Input Offset Current: ±5nA
- Typical Offset Voltage:
 - Non-A Device: 2mV
 - A Device: 1mV
- Common-Mode Input Voltage Range Includes Ground
- Differential Input Voltage Range Equal to the Power Supply Voltage
- Low Output Saturation Voltage:
 - LM2903: 200mV at 4mA
 - LM2901: 100mV at 4mA
- Output Voltage Compatible with TTL, MOS and CMOS
- Totally Lead-Free & Fully RoHS Compliant (Notes 1 & 2)
- Halogen and Antimony Free. "Green" Device (Note 3)

Notes: 1. No purposely added lead. Fully EU Directive 2002/95/EC (RoHS), 2011/65/EU (RoHS 2) & 2015/863/EU (RoHS 3) compliant.

- 2. See https://www.diodes.com/quality/lead-free/ for more information about Diodes Incorporated's definitions of Halogen- and Antimony-free, "Green" and Lead-free.
- 3. Halogen- and Antimony-free "Green" products are defined as those which contain <900ppm bromine, <900ppm chlorine (<1500ppm total Br + Cl) and <1000ppm antimony compounds.

Pin Assignments





SO-14/TSSOP-14 LM2901/ LM2901A



Schematic Diagram



Pin Descriptions						
LM2901, LM2901A	M2901, LM2901A					
Pin Name	Pin #	Function				
10UT	1	Channel 1 Output				
20UT	2	Channel 2 Output				
V _{CC}	3	Chip Supply Voltage				
2IN-	4	Channel 2 Inverting Input				
2IN+	5	Channel 2 Non-Inverting Input				
1IN-	6	Channel 1 Inverting Input				
1IN+	7	Channel 1 Non-Inverting Input				
3IN-	8	Channel 3 Inverting Input				
3IN+	9	Channel 3 Non-Inverting Input				
4IN-	10	Channel 4 Inverting Input				
4IN+	11	Channel 4 Non-Inverting Input				
GND	12	Ground				
4OUT	13	Channel 4 Output				
3OUT	14	Channel 3 Output				
LM2903, LM2903A						
10UT	1	Channel 1 Output				
1IN-	2	Channel 1 Inverting Input				
1IN+	3	Channel 1 Non-Inverting Input				
GND	4	Ground				
2IN+	5	Channel 2 Non-Inverting Input				
2IN-	6	Channel 2 Inverting Input				
20UT	7	Channel 2 Output				
V _{CC}	8	Chip Supply Voltage				



Symbol	F	Parameter	Rating	Unit	
V _{CC}	Supply Voltage		36	V	
VID	Differential Input Voltage		36	V	
VIN	Input Voltage		-0.3 to +36	V	
I _{IN}	Input Current (V _{IN} < -0.3V)		50	mA	
Vo	Output Voltage		36	V	
lo	Output Current		20	mA	
_	Duration of Output Short Circuit to	Ground (Note 5)	Unlimited	_	
		SO-8	110		
		MSOP-8	160		
θ _{JA}	Package Thermal Impedance (Note 6)	TSSOP-8	185	°C/W	
		SO-14	100		
		TSSOP-14	129		
		SO-8	8.5		
		MSOP-8	25		
θ_{JC}	Package Thermal Impedance (Note 6)	TSSOP-8	17	°C/W	
		SO-14	16		
		TSSOP-14	6.3		
T _A	Operating Temperature Range		-40 to +125	°C	
TJ	Operating Junction Temperature		150	°C	
T _{ST}	Storage Temperature Range		-65 to +150	°C	
T _{LEAD}	Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 s	Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 seconds)		°C	
500	Human Body Mode ESD Protection	n (Note 7)	500		
ESD	ESD Machine Mode ESD Protection		100	- V	

Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 4) (@T_A = +25°C, unless otherwise specified.)

4. Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings can cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only; functional Notes: operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under recommended operating conditions is not implied. Exposure to

absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods can affect device reliability. 5. Short circuits from outputs to V_{CC} can cause excessive heating and eventual destruction.

6. Maximum power dissipation is a function of T_{J(MAX)}, θ_{JA}, and T_A. The maximum allowable power dissipation at any allowable ambient temperature is $P_{D} = (T_{J(MAX)} - T_{A})/\theta_{JA}.$ Operating at the absolute maximum T_J of 150°C can affect reliability. 7. Human body model, 1.5k Ω in series with 100pF.



Electrical Characteristics (Notes 8 & 9) (@V_{CC} = 5.0V, GND = 0V, T_A = +25°C, unless otherwise specified.)

LM2901, LI	W2901A							
	Parameter	Conditions		TA	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
		$V_{IC} = V_{CMR}$ Min, $V_O = 1.4V$, Non-A Dev	Non A Davias	T _A = +25°C	—	2	7	mV
Vio			NOII-A Device	Full Range	—		15	
VIO	input Onset Voltage	$V_{CC} = 5V$ to $30V$	A-Suffix Device	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$	—	1	2	
		(Note 10)	A-Sullix Device	Full Range	—		4	
I _B	Input Bias Current	$I_{\rm IN+} \text{or} I_{\rm IN-}$ with OUT in Li	near Range,	T _A = +25°C	—	25	250	nA
чВ		V _{CM} = 0V (Note 11)		Full Range	—	—	500	
lio	Input Offset Current	$I_{IN+} - I_{IN-}, V_{CM} = 0V$		T _A = +25°C	—	5	50	nA
ιΟ		11N+ 11N-, VCM - 0V		Full Range	—	_	200	1
. /	Input Common-Mode	V _{CC} = 30V (Note 12)		T _A = +25°C	0 to V _{CC} -1.5	—	—	V
VCMR	V _{CMR} Voltage Range			Full Range	0 to V _{CC} -2	_	_	
		R _L = ∞ on Quad Channels	V _{CC} = 30V	T _A = +25°C	—	1.2	2.5	- mA
l	Supply Current			Full Range	—		3.5	
Icc	(Four Comparators)		$V_{CC} = 5V$	T _A = +25°C	-	0.9	2	
			$v_{CC} = 5v$	Full Range	_	_	3.0	
A _V	Voltage Gain	$V_{CC} = 15V$, $V_{OUT} = 1V$ to 11V, $R_L \ge 15k\Omega$,		T _A = +25°C	50	200	_	V/mV
—	Large Signal Response time	V_{IN} = TTL Logic Swing, V_{REF} = 1.4V, V_{RL} = 5V, R_L = 5.1k Ω		T _A = +25°C	_	300	_	ns
_	Response Time	$V_{RL} = 5V, R_{L} = 5.1k\Omega$ (Note 13)		T _A = +25°C		1.3	_	μs
I _{O(SINK)}	Output Sink Current	$V_{IN-} = 1V, V_{IN+} = 0, V_O \le 1.5V$		T _A = +25°C	6	16	_	mA
N		$V_{IN^-} = 1V, V_{IN+} = 0, I_{SINK} \le 4mA$		T _A = +25°C	_	100	400	mV
V _{SAT}	Saturation Voltage			Full Range	_		700	
		V _{IN} -= 0V, V _{IN} += 1, V _O = 5V		T _A = +25°C	—	0.1	_	nA
I _{O(LEAK)}	Output Leakage Current	$V_{IN-} = 0V, V_{IN+} = 1, V_O = 30V$		Full Range	—	_	1	μA
V _{ID}	Differential Input Voltage	All V _{IN} ≥0V (or V- if used)	(Note 14)	Full Range	_		36	V

Notes:

Typical values represent the most likely parametric norm as determined at the time of characterization. Actual typical values may vary over time and will also depend on the application and configuration. The typical values are not tested and are not guaranteed on shipped production material.
All limits are guaranteed by testing or statistical analysis. Limits over the full temperature are guaranteed by design, but not tested in production.

9. All limits are guaranteed by testing of statistica 10. V_O \cong 1.4V, R_S = 0Ω with V_{CC} from 5V to 30V;

11. The direction of the input current is out of the IC due to the PNP input stage. This current is essentially constant, independent of the state of the output so no loading change exists on the input lines.

12. The input common-mode voltage of either input signal voltage should not be allowed to go negative by more than 0.3V (@ +25°C). The upper end of the common-mode voltage range is V_{cc} -1.5V (@ +25°C), but either or both inputs can go to +36V without damage, independent of the magnitude of V_{cc} . 13. The response time specified is for a 100mV step input with 5mV overdrive. For larger overdrive signals 300ns can be obtained, see typical performance

characteristics.14. Positive excursions of input voltage may exceed the power supply level. As long as other voltages remain within the common mode range, the comparator will provide a proper output stage. The low voltage state must not be less than -0.3V (or 0.3V below the magnitude of the negative power supply, if used).



Electrical Characteristics (Notes 8 & 9) (@V_{CC} = 5.0V, GND = 0V, T_A = +25°C, unless otherwise specified.)

.M2903, LI	M2903A							
	Parameter	Conditi	ons	TA	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
		$V_{IC} = V_{CMR} Min,$ $V_O = 1.4V,$ Non-A Devic		T _A = +25°C	—	2	7	
V _{IO}			NON-A Device	Full Range	—	_	15	mV
VIO	input Onset Voltage	$V_{CC} = 5V$ to $=30V$	A-Suffix Device	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$	—	1	2	IIIV
		(Note 10)		Full Range	—	—	4	
IB	Input Bias Current	$I_{\text{IN+}}$ or $I_{\text{IN-}}$ with OUT in	Linear Range,	T _A = +25°C	—	25	250	nA
чВ		V _{CM} = 0V (Note 11)		Full Range	—	—	500	
I _{IO}	Input Offset Current	I _{IN+} - I _{IN-} , V _{CM} = 0V		T _A = +25°C	—	5	50	nA
10				Full Range	—	—	200	
	V _{CMR} Input Common-Mode Voltage Range	V _{CC} = 30V (Note 12)		T _A = +25°C	0 to V _{CC} -1.5	—	_	v
VCMR				Full Range	0 to V _{CC} -2	_	_	
	I _{CC} Supply Current	R _L = ∞ on Both Channels	$V_{CC} = 30V$	T _A = +25°C	_	0.7	1.7	- mA
				Full Range	—	_	3.0	
ICC				T _A = +25°C	_	0.6	1	
			$V_{CC} = 5V$	Full Range	—		2.0	
A _V	Voltage Gain	$V_{CC} = 15V, V_{OUT} = 1V$ $R_L \ge 15k\Omega$,	to 11V,	T _A = +25°C	50	200	_	V/mV
_	Large Signal Response Time	V_{IN} = TTL Logic Swing, V_{REF} = 1.4V, V_{RL} = 5V, R_L = 5.1k Ω		T _A = +25°C	_	300	_	ns
_	Response Time	$V_{RL} = 5V, R_L = 5.1 k\Omega$ (Note 13)		T _A = +25°C	_	1.3	_	μs
IO(SINK)	Output Sink Current	$V_{IN-} = 1V, V_{IN+} = 0, V_O \le 1.5V$		T _A = +25°C	6	16	_	mA
	$V_{IN-} = 1V, V_{IN+} = 0, I_{SINK} \le 4mA$		T _A = +25°C	_	200	400	mV	
V _{SAT} Saturation Voltage			Full Range	_	_	700	mv	
	Quitaut Lookogo Quitart	$V_{IN-} = 0V, V_{IN+} = 1, V_O = 5V$		T _A = +25°C	—	0.1	—	nA
I _{O(LEAK)}	Output Leakage Current	$V_{IN-} = 0V, V_{IN+} = 1, V_O = 30V$		Full Range	—	_	1	μA
VID	Differential Input Voltage	All V _{IN} ≥0V (or V- if use	ed) (Note 14)	Full Range	_	_	36	V

Notes:

Typical values represent the most likely parametric norm as determined at the time of characterization. Actual typical values may vary over time and will also depend on the application and configuration. The typical values are not tested and are not guaranteed on shipped production material.
All limits are guaranteed by testing or statistical analysis. Limits over the full temperature are guaranteed by design, but not tested in production.

9. All limits are guaranteed by testing of statistica 10. V_O \cong 1.4V, R_S = 0Ω with V_{CC} from 5V to 30V;

11. The direction of the input current is out of the IC due to the PNP input stage. This current is essentially constant, independent of the state of the output so no loading change exists on the input lines.

12. The input common-mode voltage of either input signal voltage should not be allowed to go negative by more than 0.3V (@ +25°C). The upper end of the common-mode voltage range is V_{cc} -1.5V (@ +25°C), but either or both inputs can go to +36V without damage, independent of the magnitude of V_{cc} . 13. The response time specified is for a 100mV step input with 5mV overdrive. For larger overdrive signals 300ns can be obtained, see typical performance

characteristics.14. Positive excursions of input voltage may exceed the power supply level. As long as other voltages remain within the common mode range, the comparator will provide a proper output stage. The low voltage state must not be less than -0.3V (or 0.3V below the magnitude of the negative power supply, if used).



Performance Characteristics





Performance Characteristics (continued)





Application Information

General Information

The LM2901/2903 series comparators are high-gain, wide bandwidth devices. Like most comparators, the series can easily oscillate if the output lead is inadvertently allowed to capacitive couple to the inputs via stray capacitance. This shows up only during the output voltage transition intervals as the comparators change states. Standard PC board layout is helpful as it reduces stray input-output coupling. Reducing the input resistors to <10k Ω reduces the feedback signal levels. Finally, adding even a small amount (1.0mV to 10mV) of positive feedback (hysteresis) causes such a rapid transition that oscillations, due to stray feedback, are not possible. Simply socketing the IC and attaching resistors to the pins will cause input-output oscillations during the small transition intervals unless hysteresis is used. If the input signal is a pulse waveform, with relatively fast rise and fall times, hysteresis is not required. All input pins of any unused comparators should be tied to the negative supply.

The bias network of the LM2901/2903 series comparators establishes a quiescent current independent of the magnitude of the power supply voltage over the range of from $2.0V_{DC}$ to $30V_{DC}$.

The differential input voltage may be larger than V_{CC} without damaging the device. Protection should be provided to prevent the input voltages from going negative more than -0.3V_{DC} (@ +25°C). An input clamp diode can be used as shown in the applications section.

The output of the LM2901/2903 series comparators is the uncommitted collector of a grounded-emitter NPN output transistor. Many collectors can be tied together to provide an output ORing function. An output pull-up resistor can be connected to any available power supply voltage within the permitted supply voltage range and there is no restriction on this voltage due to the magnitude of the voltage applied to the V_{CC} terminal of LM2901/2903 series comparator package. The output can also be used as a simple SPST switch to ground (when a pull-up resistor is not used).

The amount of current the output device can sink is limited by the drive available (which is independent of V_{CC}) and the β of this device. When the maximum current limit is reached (approximately 16mA), the output transistor will come out of saturation and the output voltage will rise very rapidly. The output saturation voltage is limited by the approximately 60Ω R_{SAT} of the output transistor. The low offset voltage of the output transistor (1.0mV) allows the output to clamp essentially to ground level for small load currents.



Typical Application Circuit (V_{CC} = 5.0V_{DC})



Hysteresis



Typical Application Circuit (V_{CC} = 5.0V_{DC}) (continued)



Crystal Controlled Oscillator



*Or logic gate without pull-up resistor

Output Strobing









Large Fan-in AND Gate



Typical Application Circuit (V_{CC} = 5.0V_{DC}) (continued)





Ordering Information (Note 15)



Part Number	Deekene Cede	Deekeging	13" Tape	and Reel
Part Number	Package Code	Packaging	Quantity	Part Number Suffix
LM2901T14-13	T14	TSSOP-14	2500/Tape & Reel	-13
LM2901AT14-13	T14	TSSOP-14	2500/Tape & Reel	-13
LM2901S14-13	S14	SO-14	2500/Tape & Reel	-13
LM2901AS14-13	S14	SO-14	2500/Tape & Reel	-13
LM2903S-13	S	SO-8	2500/Tape & Reel	-13
LM2903AS-13	S	SO-8	2500/Tape & Reel	-13
LM2903AM8-13	M8	MSOP-8	2500/Tape & Reel	-13
LM2903M8-13	M8	MSOP-8	2500/Tape & Reel	-13
LM2903ATH-13	TH	TSSOP-8	2500/Tape & Reel	-13
LM2903TH-13	TH	TSSOP-8	2500/Tape & Reel	-13

Note: 15. For packaging details, go to our website at http://www.diodes.com/products/packages.html.



Marking Information

(1) TSSOP-14 and SO-14



(3) MSOP-8 & TSSOP-8





Package Outline Dimensions

Please see http://www.diodes.com/package-outlines.html for the latest version.



SO-8 Dim Max Min 1.75 Α 0.10 0.20 A1 A2 1.30 1.50 A3 0.15 0.25 b 0.3 0.5 D 4.85 4.95 Ε 5.90 6.10 E1 3.85 3.95 1.27 Typ е h 0.35 L 0.62 0.82 θ 0° 8° All Dimensions in mm



TSSOP-8				
Dim	Min	Max	Тур	
а	0.09	-	-	
Α	-	1.20	-	
A1	0.05	0.15	-	
A2	0.825	1.025	0.925	
b	0.19	0.30	-	
С	0.09	0.20	-	
D	2.90	3.10	3.025	
е	-	-	0.65	
Е	-	-	6.40	
E1	4.30	4.50	4.425	
L	0.45	0.75	0.60	
All	Dimens	sions in	mm	



0.25 Gauge Plane Seating Plane 4X10° Detail C



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SO-8

TSSOP-8

	MSOP-8					
Dim	Min	Max	Тур			
Α	-	1.10	-			
A1	0.05	0.15	0.10			
A2	0.75	0.95	0.86			
A3	0.29	0.49	0.39			
b	0.22	0.38	0.30			
С	0.08	0.23	0.15			
D	2.90	3.10	3.00			
Е	4.70	5.10	4.90			
E1	2.90	3.10	3.00			
E3	2.85	3.05	2.95			
е	-	-	0.65			
L	0.40	0.80	0.60			
а	0°	8°	4°			
х	_	_	0.750			
у	-	-	0.750			
All D	Dimen	sions	in mm			

∠_See Detail C 14 of 18

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Package Outline Dimensions (continued)

Please see http://www.diodes.com/package-outlines.html for the latest version.



	SO-14				
Dim	Min	Max			
Α	1.47	1.73			
A1	0.10	0.25			
A2	1.45	Тур			
В	0.33	0.51			
D	8.53	8.74			
E	3.80	3.99			
е	1.27	′ Тур			
H	5.80	6.20			
L	0.38	1.27			
θ	0°	8°			
All Di	mension	s in mm			

TSSOP-14



	TSSOP-14				
Dim	Min	Max			
a1	7° (4X)			
a2	0°	8°			
Α	4.9	5.10			
В	4.30	4.50			
С	-	1.2			
D	0.8	1.05			
F	1.00	Тур			
F1	0.45	0.75			
G	0.65	Тур			
К	0.19	0.30			
L 6.40 Typ					
All Dir	mension	s in mm			

SO-14



Suggested Pad Layout

Please see http://www.diodes.com/package-outlines.html for the latest version.



SO-8

Dimensions	Value (in mm)
Х	0.60
Y	1.55
C1	5.4
C2	1.27

TSSOP-8



Dimensions	Value (in mm)
Х	0.45
Y	1.78
C1	7.72
C2	0.65
C3	4.16
G	0.20

MSOP-8



Value
(in mm)
0.650
0.450
1.350
5.300



Suggested Pad Layout (continued)

Please see http://www.diodes.com/package-outlines.html for the latest version.



Dimensions	Value (in mm)
Х	0.60
Y	1.50
C1	5.4
C2	1.27

TSSOP-14



Dimensions	Value (in mm)
Х	0.45
Y	1.45
C1	5.9
C2	0.65



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